

RY. CO. IS SUED

Jessie Kaee Lodges Her Claim
for \$8,000.

SHE LOST TWO VALISES

Says They Were Forcibly Taken From
Her—Contents Included Royal
Goods—Inventory.

Jessie Kaee has brought an action in replevin and for damages against the Oahu Railway and Land Company, claiming \$8,000 damages. In her complaint she alleges that on or about May 30, 1899, she was a passenger on one of defendant's trains from Kahuku to Honolulu and had purchased a first class ticket between those points and had delivered the same to the conductor in charge of the train and had in all things complied with the rules and regulations of the company. That she had with her at the time on the train two valises, the contents whereof were valued at \$7053. That the defendant company "forcibly, rudely, unjustly and contrary to law" took possession of the said personal property and converted the same to its own use to the damage of plaintiff in the sum of \$8,000. Plaintiff prays for the restitution of her property or its value.

In an exhibit attached to the complaint, the contents of the valises are thus described and valued: Royal necklace, royal bracelet, royal nihilo palaoa (bone necklace), \$7000; black silk scarf, \$15; ruffled black and white chiffon, \$5; two long chemise, \$1; two black holokus \$5; petticoats, \$12; calico holoku, \$2; miscellaneous articles, \$5.

Junius Kaee also brings a separate action, claiming damages of \$500, against the railroad company for its forcible taking of a satchel belonging to him, while he was a passenger on the same train. The contents of Mr. Kaee's satchel were valued at \$17.

Both cases are down for trial at the coming August term, service of summons having been returned.

The other story of the affair is that the woman bought a round trip ticket for Kahuku, but got off at Pearl City and returned to Honolulu. She then bought a single trip ticket for Kahuku and proceeded on her journey. On the trip back a dispute arose between the conductor and woman, and upon arriving at Honolulu the latter's baggage was transferred to the ticket office. She was told it was there and that she might have it if she called for it. She has not called since, it is said, but instead has instigated the damage suit spoken of above.

Dice Gambling Popular.

It is well known that darkeys everywhere are very partial to a game of chance called craps, played with a couple of dice. The colored soldiers who have been passing through here recently have been open to "shoot dice" with all comers and have kept games going around town and on the waterfront all hours of the day and night. Heavy games have been conducted under the very noses of the military officers, but the players always have watchers out. The game is a rather fascinating one, there being with it what the sports call "quick action." When there is a bank there is "no limit" and the "rolls" frequently change ownership. The dishonest fellows use loaded dice. Some of the native boys of the harbor neighborhood who have always been playing "Russian war" more or less have the crap fever to a violent stage and some of the uptown bloods are equally interested. One of the uptown bloods, it is related, is being "joshed" unmercifully by friends for allowing himself to fall into a native boy game in which "crooked dice" were used.

Tests for Tuberculosis.

By the Australia Dr. C. L. Garvin will send an order for several Guinea pigs. He intends to conduct experiments with them in connection with tests on tuberculosis. One of these will be to inoculate a pig with some of the milk sold about the city. He confidently expects that before many days the subject will show signs of tuberculosis. The Guinea pig is always used in these experiments when possible, as it is very susceptible to the germs of tuberculosis. Where under a microscopic examination they might occasionally escape the eye, the test never fails with the Guinea pig.

An Official's Scheme.

A prominent official of the Island of Hawaii has made a report to the Government on the outbreak of Mauna Loa's volcano and the various lava flows threatening to inundate certain sections of the big island. The official fears that one of the molten rivers will do damage in the vicinity of Hilo, if not in the town itself. It is suggested by the correspondent that he be authorized to use giant powder and dynamite in experiments to endeavor to divert the lava flow. The Cabinet did not take any action on the proposal yesterday.

Three Cities.

San Francisco, Sacramento and Salt Lake City now desire Hawaiian exhibits of characteristic, but moderate proportions. Sacramento wishes to have a Hawaiian booth at the California

State fair, and is urgent about it. For San Francisco the State Board of Trade would like to have samples of fruits preserved, coffee, cane, native fabrications, etc. This would be permanent at the headquarters of the board in the Crocker building. Salt Lake City is having a show this summer. It is a salt palace. Utah and Hawaii are quite closely connected in several relations, and the salt palace people are quite anxious to show the Hawaiian flag and some material from the islands.

Divorce Cases.

The following divorce cases have been commenced to be returnable at the next term of court:
Sarah Swinton against Capt. H. S. Swinton.
Annie Lackland against William O. Lackland.
Jane Henriksen against John Henriksen.
May Creighton against Charles Creighton.

CURE OF CANCER

Two Physicians of Brussels Use a Serum.

Experiment of Eminent Men—People in Many Countries Interested—Is Hope.

BRUSSELS, June 24.—Drs. Roquette and Lapo, two Brussels physicians who have been conducting experiments at the Brussels Hospital, under the auspices of the Belgian Medical Academy, for the cure of cancer with a serum, are believed to have met with success, and hopes are entertained that a complete cure will shortly become an accomplished fact.

Both doctors, who enjoy a high reputation, deprecate publication, as they say that the matter is still in an experimental stage. They also say that experiments on lines similar to theirs are being conducted in New Orleans. Dr. Roquette is 42 years old. He was born at Namur. Dr. Lapo is a little younger. He is professor of histology and physiology in the State Veterinary School. Dr. Lapo makes experiments on animals. It is probable that they will shortly ask a third medical man to join with them in order to push their experiments more rapidly.

The publication of their work is bringing hundreds of letters from all parts of the world, especially New York and Ireland. Many are from hospitals and many from cancer patients praying for salvation which they cannot bestow, their researches being far less advanced than has been stated. They have asked the Petit Bleu to publish a notice to that effect, adding that it is useless to send letters to which they are unable to reply. Both are very modest, each attributing to the other the merit of the work and its possible results. This strengthens the hope that their efforts will succeed.

U. S. COMMISSARY.

Depot Here Has Less Business at Hand Now.

Estelle and Wallenstein, of the U. S. commissary depot, are having a lull in the supply business despite the fact that there have been numerous transports in lately. The reason is that the vessels are well stocked before leaving San Francisco and consequently when they arrive here all they need is a few minor articles. In many instances when the transports were coming through some time back they were completely supplied from local stores. Col. Ruhlen is still at the head of the work, it having devolved upon him when Capt. Lydig left. In addition, Col. Ruhlen is the regular chief of the quartermaster department. An officer is expected to arrive in the near future to relieve him of the commissary work, as his duties in connection with that department are only temporary.

\$100,000 Scheme.

There is a large but scheme on foot which has for its aim the raising of certain well-known old frame buildings on upper Fort street, and the erection of a \$100,000 building on the premises. In the structure there is to be a hotel and theater. There will be a restaurant in the basement, something after the plan of the famous Louvre of San Francisco. If this plan is carried out it will be one of the very largest enterprises yet attempted in Honolulu. The negotiations are now under way.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for years and always with good results," says Mr. W. B. Cooper of El Rio, Cal. "For small children we find it especially effective." For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents for H. I., and all druggists and dealers.

A YALE CHINESE

Lured From the University
and Imprisoned.

Subjected to Torture in His Native Country—Prince's Plan for Gaining American Rescuer.

A strange story of the deceiving of an Americanized Chinese doctor from Yale University to China's capital, where he was imprisoned and tortured before his release was obtained by an American resident of Peking, is told in copies of the North China Daily News.

According to the Peking correspondent of the Chinese paper Dr. Yung Wing, LL. D., of Yale University, was studying medicine and law at Yale up to three months ago, when he was visited by a Chinese, with whom he left Yale for the West. It has since been learned that this Chinese brought to Dr. Yung Wing letters and papers from Prince Ching, conferring upon him a position under the Imperial Chinese Government, providing he accompanied the bearer of the news to Shanghai. The doctor accepted the position and at once left Yale for San Francisco, whence he and the Chinese friend sailed on the steamer Copple for Shanghai.

As soon as the two Chinese were put ashore from the launch which took them from the Copple at Woosung they were met by a number of Chinese who bound the doctor and threw him into a bamboo cage, in which he was carried to Peking. On the arrival at the Chinese capital the unfortunate doctor was imprisoned in a temple. While there he was horribly tortured, his body being burned with hot irons. It was given out by the local authorities that Dr. Yung Wing was imprisoned because he was believed to have had some relations in, or connection with, the late unfortunate reform movement, but this was only a blind, for it afterward developed that the doctor was imprisoned by imperial order because Prince Ching so that he might extort money from the doctor's friends, who, it was thought, would be ready to pay heavily to deliver him from imprisonment and torture or death.

This scheme was nipped in the bud by an American resident of Peking, to whom the doctor managed to send word of his predicament by bribing one of his keepers. The American, who was dressed in Chinese costume, went to the temple, and by threats, accompanied by the persuasion of a pointed revolver, obtained Dr. Yung Wing's release. From the temple he took him to Tientsin by train, whence the unfortunate doctor took a steamer for Japan. He probably will return to America.

THIS IS A LOCAL ITEM.

And the Citizen is on the Spot to Confirm It.

The reader of this must concede two important points, first, that which follows, having taken place in Honolulu, can easily be investigated and proved to be true; second, there is a vast difference between opinions publicly expressed by a resident of Honolulu in Honolulu local papers and the opinions daily met with in the same papers' columns which were originally drafted in Maine or Montana. Read the following:

Mr. S. Hanoland, of this city, is a Custom House guard. He writes: "Having been afflicted with an aching back for some time, I procured a supply of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at Hollister & Co.'s store, and used them. The results were most satisfactory, and I know that the pills are a valuable medicine for kidney complaints and especially for a lame back." Is there anything stronger than home testimony? The following are some of the results and indications of kidney disease: "Pain in the back, a bearing down feeling, a dragging sensation in the groin, timid, nervous, and restless feeling, temper irritable, sparks before the eyes, sounds in the ears, throbbing of temples and ears, headache, nervousness, palpitation of the heart, heavy feeling in the back, fainting spells, cold extremities, rheumatism, bad taste in the mouth, sediment in the urine, etc. If you have any of these symptoms they should be taken in time."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes \$2.50) or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Ltd., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

From the Officers.

The Advertiser is in receipt of a card of which the following is a translation: The officers of the Argentine Republic training ship Presidente Sarmiento beg to express and convey to the general public of Honolulu through their leading newspaper profound sentiments of gratitude in token of the most kindly and hospitable manner in

which the ship was received at the chief city of the Islands. It is our fervent desire to especially thank all of the Hawaiian people, both of native and foreign blood, for their recognition of the holiday of our country observed while we were in this port. Your beautiful city and your charming people will long be pleasantly remembered by us and it is our only regret that we are compelled to so soon continue on our journey around the world. In closing we would also acknowledge the constant courtesy extended to us by the representatives of the great and noble Government of the United States of America.

DELEGATE TO WASHINGTON.

It has practically been decided by the Government to have a representative at Washington when Congress convenes in December next. The intimation is made that whoever goes will advocate the interests of Hawaii in general, acting as the agent of the people in a capacity similar to that of a delegate from a territory. There is already much speculation as to who will be secured for the post. It is a clear case of the office seeking the man. It has been suggested as recorded that the Cabinet will not be called upon to fill the place. The names first mentioned are those of L. A. Thurston, E. M. Hatch and W. A. Kinney. It is known that not one of the trio cares to leave business here for a protracted stay at the national capital. The Government, it may be said, is determined to have a strong man at Washington, as the commission is dissolved. There has been talk thus early of some of the organizations like the Chamber of Commerce or Planters' Association sending a representative to Washington while Congress is in session, but this has not been decided upon yet.

ODD FELLOWS.

Installation of Excelsior and Encampment Officers.

Excelsior Lodge No. 1, I. O. O. F., installed the following officers last evening:

J. H. Walker—N. G.
Ed. Loftquist—V. G.
L. L. La Pierre, P. G.—Secretary.
W. C. Parke, P. G.—Treasurer.
Geo. Dall, P. G.—R. S. N. G.
L. H. Hough, P. G.—R. S. N. G.
C. S. Crane, P. G.—R. S. V. G.
C. Boies—L. S. V. G.
Geo. Johnson—L. G.
P. Martin—Warden.
M. Hare—Conductor.
A. M. Mellis, P. G.—R. S. S.
Rev. A. Mackintosh, P. G.—Chaplain.
Last Friday evening Polynesian Encampment No. 1, I. O. O. F., installed the following:
J. D. McVeigh, P. G.—Chief Patriarch.
J. H. Walker—Senior Warden.
C. S. Crane, P. G.—Junior Warden.
L. L. La Pierre, P. G.—Secretary.
L. W. Hough, P. G.—Treasurer.

COAST FURNITURE PRICES.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 24.—Eastern furniture manufacturers are advancing prices, because of dearer labor and materials. It has been somewhat difficult to get these manufacturers to act together in concert, because of the numerous establishments and their varied character, some being devoted to exclusive lines and others to more general descriptions. Even the chair manufacturers are organized into two associations, and yet they have had no trouble in advancing prices more than once this year, the last time about the middle of May. In the absence of a general organization, the furniture manufacturers will have to act somewhat independently, but will effect combines where possible.

LABOR SCARCITY.

TACOMA, Wash., July 2.—The scarcity of labor in the Northwest is emphasized by the fact that General Manager Shelby, of the Pacific and Idaho Northern Railway is trying to secure 500 workmen on Puget Sound for his Idaho railroad. This does not mean that an influx of laborers would be rewarded with jobs, because when winter comes and mining operations largely cease the labor supply will probably again equal the demand. This is the first season since the boom days of early 1890, however, that workmen have commanded a premium all over the Northwest.

SECRETARY ALGER.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Having specifically disavowed the reputed alliance with Pingree, Alger will stay in the Cabinet unless some unforeseen contingency arises. Alger said this afternoon: "I have no more alliance with Pingree than I have with 500 other Michigan Republicans who have tendered to me their support in my candidacy for the Senate. When last was in Michigan Governor Pingree came to my home and offered me his support. Of course, I did not decline it, and equally of course, I thanked him for it. That is all. I am in no sense responsible for his utterances, and I could not control them if I had the right to try. There is no reason why I should resign, and I do not purpose doing so."

It is folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any chemist's.

HAS ITS PERIODS

Cycles in Volcanic Activity
Are Quite Marked.

Sunspot Appearances and Eruptions—Figures That Are in the Nature of a Prediction.

In the Hawaiian Gazette of May 2d, Curtis J. Lyons, the local weather observer, gave some interesting data regarding sunspots and volcanos. In the course of the article he predicted an eruption. The article referred to is as follows:

EDITOR P. C. A.—The following table showing the relation between the years of least sun spots as actually observed by astronomers, and the dates of the more prominent volcanic outbreaks on Hawaii certainly suggests some relation between the two. The sun-spot periods are from the monthly Weather Review (American) for December, 1897:

Years of Minimum Sunspot.	Most Important Lava flows or Eruptions.
1770-1779	Kilauea (Keona eruption) Honolulu
1780-1789	
1790-1799	
1800-1809	Mauna Loa
1810-1819	Mauna Loa & Kilauea
1820-1829	Kilauea
1830-1839	Mauna Loa
1840-1849	
1850-1859	Mauna Loa
1860-1869	
1870-1879	Mauna Loa
1880-1889	Mauna Loa
1890-1899	Mauna Loa & Kilauea

The variation in number of sunspots during the average eleven-year cycle is strongly marked, the ratio of maximum to minimum being about as 80 to 10 and sometimes greater. It is an accepted fact, I believe, that the solar heat is slightly greater when there are the fewest spots, but how this should cause volcanic outbreak does not appear. It may be the expansion on account of such heat of a fluid interior breaking through a rigid crust.

The next minimum period is due about 1900, as near as can be estimated from past intervals, so without being in any way alarmists, it is reasonable to look for a probable lava flow at some time between now and 1901. The Hawaii lava flows are generally confined to desolate parts of the island.

This is not to be considered as a prediction, but simply a statement of facts. The lava flows of Mt. Etna have followed in a measure the same period.

CURTIS J. LYONS.

April 27, 1899.

A Hawaiian Stamp.

(Harper's Round Table.)

A collection of about 150 stamps in shocking condition was shown to a dealer. Only one stamp in the entire book was worth anything to the dealer, who tried to buy the collection, but could not, although he offered to place a fair price on it if the owner would agree to sell at that price. The dealer intended to offer \$200, but the owner refused to place a price on his collection or to agree to the dealer's terms. Two days later the dealer obtained the stamp from another collector, who had purchased the collection for a few dollars. The one stamp in the collection was the Hawaiian 1851 issue of the so-called Missionary stamps. It was in beautiful condition, and is now in the hands of a collector, who paid a very large price for it.

Down Again

In prices is the market for flour and feed, and we follow it closely. Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest market price. The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED Co.
TELEPHONE 121.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

New York Line.

The bark "Nuanuu" will leave New York on or about July 15th, 1899, for Honolulu.

Advances made on shipments on liberal terms. For further particulars, address Messrs. CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby street, Boston, or

C. BREWER & CO., LTD., Honolulu Agents.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS Are warranted to cure Gravel, Gout, Rheumatism, and all kindred complaints. Price from Messrs. Relieved upwards of 20 years. In boxes of 10, each of all chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

Nothing So Bracing

—AS—

PURE AIR

Everyone enjoys it; your health depends upon it. You can just as well have it as your prudent neighbor. Old and young alike endorse it.

DISINFECTINE

With the heat of summer comes the foul and disease producing air from the cesspool, vault and cellar. You must be on your guard against the accumulation of trash, garbage, etc.; it is dangerous to have around.

INSURES

No skill is required to have the air about your home pure. The cost is trifling and effect is wonderful. Disinfectine as prepared by us will serve the purpose.

PURE

We have it prepared in quantities to supply any or all demands. We will deliver to your home, if within the city limits, a trial bottle at 25 cents. Don't neglect to order a bottle at once.

AIR.

Those who are familiar with the article order it by the gallon, which proves beyond all doubt that it is the proper thing.

Manufactured only by

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

SOLE AGENTS.



POWELL'S BALSAM of ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE HOLLISTER DRUG CO. HAS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD INDICATES ITS TRUSTWORTHINESS.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.
"The Dear Dr. Warrington's Balsam of Aniseed was advised to try the Balsam of Aniseed. I did, and have found very great relief. It is most comforting, as it soothes the throat and gives strength to the voice."

JOHN, BROOKS, Esq., the eminent actor writes: "I think it an invaluable medicine for men of my profession, and have always recommended it to my brother and sister actors."

Mr. Thomas Rogers, Chemist, Llandilo, October 1st, 1897, writes: "I have commenced my fifth season in business today. I remember a mother giving me four bottles of coughs and colds cure 25 years ago. My chest and voice are as sound as a bell now."

LOOSENS THE PHLEGM IMMEDIATELY. NIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED. SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH BOTTLE.

See the words "Thomas Rogers, Blackfriars Road, London," on the Government Stamp.

Beware Imitations. Established 1824. QUATERS and FARMERS WHEN ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT BE MISLED BY THIS TIME-HONORED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH. POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED. FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS and STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND, and CAFE COLONIES.

Bottles 1s. 10d., 6d., and 4d. Agents for Hawaiian Islands: HOLLISTER DRUG CO., L.D. BENSON, SMITH & CO. HOBSON DRUG CO.

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